# **Chapter 10: Single Entry System**

# **EXERCISE 1 [PAGE 355]**

Exercise 1 | Q 1 | Page 355

## **QUESTION**

## Answer in one sentence only.

What do you mean by Single Entry System?

#### **SOLUTION**

The system in which cash book and personal accounts of debtors and creditors are maintained and assets and expense/income accounts are not maintained is known as Single Entry System.

Exercise 1 | Q 2 | Page 355

## **QUESTION**

## Answer in one sentence only.

What is Statement of Affairs?

#### **SOLUTION**

A statement of assets and liabilities in which amount of capital is found out by taking difference between total assets and total liabilities is known as statement of affairs.

Exercise 1 | Q 3 | Page 355

## **QUESTION**

#### Answer in one sentence only.

Which types of accounts are normally not kept under the Single Entry System?

## **SOLUTION**

Real and Nominal types of accounts are normally not kept under the single entry system.

Exercise 1 | Q 4 | Page 355

### **QUESTION**

Answer in one sentence only.





Which statement is prepared under the Single Entry system to ascertain the capital balances?

#### **SOLUTION**

Statement of affairs is prepared under the single entry system to ascertain the capital balances.

Exercise 1 | Q 5 | Page 355

## **QUESTION**

## Answer in one sentence only.

How Opening Capital is calculated under Single Entry System?

#### **SOLUTION**

In a statement of affairs, when the total of the assets side is greater than the total of liabilities side, then difference of amount is known as 'Opening Capital'.

Exercise 1 | Q 6 | Page 355

## **QUESTION**

## Answer in one sentence only.

Which type of accounts are maintained under Single Entry System?

#### **SOLUTION**

Under Single Entry System, cash book and personal accounts of debtors and creditors are maintained.

Exercise 1 | Q 7 | Page 355

## **QUESTION**

#### Answer in one sentence only.

Can a Trial Balance be prepared under Single Entry System?

#### **SOLUTION**

Trial Balance cannot be prepared under Single Entry System.

Exercise 1 | Q 8 | Page 355

## **QUESTION**

## Answer in one sentence only.

Which type of organization generally follows Single Entry System?





#### **SOLUTION**

A small business organization with limited number of transactions and very few assets and liabilities generally follows the Single Entry System.

# **EXERCISE 2 [PAGE 355]**

Exercise 2 | Q 1 | Page 355

## **QUESTION**

Write a word, term, or phrase which can substitute the following statement.

A statement which is similar to Balance Sheet.

#### **SOLUTION**

Statement of affairs

Exercise 2 | Q 2 | Page 355

## **QUESTION**

Write a word, term, or phrase which can substitute the following statement.

System of Accounting normally suitable to small business organization.

#### **SOLUTION**

Single Entry System

Exercise 2 | Q 3 | Page 355

## **QUESTION**

Write a word, term, or phrase which can substitute the following statement.

A statement similar to Balance Sheet prepared to find out the amount of opening capital

#### **SOLUTION**

Opening statement of affairs

Exercise 2 | Q 4 | Page 355

#### **QUESTION**

Write a word, term, or phrase which can substitute the following statement.

An excess of assets over liabilities.

#### **SOLUTION**





Capital

Exercise 2 | Q 5 | Page 355

## **QUESTION**

Write a word, term, or phrase which can substitute the following statement.

Excess of closing capital over opening capital of proprietor under Single Entry System.

#### **SOLUTION**

Profit

Exercise 2 | Q 6 | Page 355

## **QUESTION**

Write a word, term, or phrase which can substitute the following statement.

Name of method of accounting suitable to firms to having limited transactions.

#### **SOLUTION**

Single entry system

Exercise 2 | Q 7 | Page 355

## **QUESTION**

Write a word, term, or phrase which can substitute the following statement.

A System of accounting which is unscientific.

#### **SOLUTION**

Single entry system

Exercise 2 | Q 8 | Page 355

## **QUESTION**

Write a word, term, or phrase which can substitute the following statement.

Further capital introduced by the proprietor in the business concern over and above his existing capital.

#### **SOLUTION**

Additional capital

# **EXERCISE 3 [PAGES 355 - 356]**





Exercise 3 | Q 1 | Page 355

## **QUESTION**

Select the most appropriate answer from the alternatives given below and rewrite the sentence.

The capital balances are ascertained by preparing \_\_\_\_\_

- Statement of affairs
- Cash Account
- Drawings Accounts
- Debtors Accounts

#### **SOLUTION**

The capital balances are ascertained by preparing **Statement of Affairs.** 

Exercise 3 | Q 2 | Page 355

## **QUESTION**

Select the most appropriate answer the alternatives given below and rewrite the Sentence.

Under Single Entry System Opening Capital = Opening Assets Less \_\_\_\_\_\_.

- Closing Assets
- Opening Liabilities
- Opening Assets
- Closing Liabilities

#### **SOLUTION**

Under Single Entry System Opening Capital = Opening Assets Less **Opening Liabilities.** 

**Explanation:** Opening Capital is calculated by deducting the total opening liabilities from the total opening assets.

Exercise 3 | Q 3 | Page 355

## **QUESTION**

Select the most appropriate answer from the alternatives given below and rewrite the sentence.

Additional Capital introduced during the year is from closing capital in order to find out the correct profit
• Added
• Deducted
• Divided
• Ignored
SOLUTION
Additional Capital introduced during the year is <b>deducted</b> from closing capital in order to find out the correct profit.
Exercise 3   Q 4   Page 355
QUESTION
QUESTION  Select the most appropriate answer from the alternatives given below and rewrite the sentence.
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Select the most appropriate answer from the alternatives given below and rewrite the sentence.
Select the most appropriate answer from the alternatives given below and rewrite the sentence.  Single Entry System may be useful for
Select the most appropriate answer from the alternatives given below and rewrite the sentence.  Single Entry System may be useful for  • Sole traders
Select the most appropriate answer from the alternatives given below and rewrite the sentence.  Single Entry System may be useful for  • Sole traders  • Company
Select the most appropriate answer from the alternatives given below and rewrite the sentence.  Single Entry System may be useful for  • Sole traders  • Company  • Government
Select the most appropriate answer from the alternatives given below and rewrite the sentence.  Single Entry System may be useful for  • Sole traders  • Company  • Government  • None of these

# **QUESTION**

Select the most appropriate answer from the alternatives given below and rewrite the sentence.

In order to find out the correct profit, drawings is \_\_\_\_\_ from closing capital

- Multiplies
- Divided
- Deducted

Added

#### **SOLUTION**

In order to find out the correct profit, drawings is to **added** closing capital.

Exercise 3 | Q 6 | Page 356

## **QUESTION**

Select the most appropriate answer from the alternatives given below and rewrite the sentence.

The difference between assets and liabilities is called \_\_\_\_\_\_.

- Capital
- Drawings
- Income
- Expenses

#### **SOLUTION**

The difference between assets and liabilities is called **Capital.** 

Exercise 3 | Q 7 | Page 356

## **QUESTION**

Select the most appropriate answer from the alternatives given below and rewrite the sentence.

When Closing Capital is greater than the Opening Capital, the difference is

- Profit
- Loss
- Assets
- Liabilities

#### **SOLUTION**

When Closing Capital is greater than the Opening Capital, the difference is **Profit.** 

Exercise 3 | Q 8 | Page 356

## **QUESTION**



# Select the most appropriate answer from the alternatives given below and rewrite the sentence.

Opening Capital is ₹ 30,000; Closing Capital is ₹ 60,000; Withdrawals are ₹ 5,000; and further capital brought in is ₹ 3,000; Profit is \_\_\_\_\_\_.

- ₹ 45,000
- ₹ 35,000
- ₹ 32,000
- ₹ 22,000

#### **SOLUTION**

Opening Capital is ₹ 30,000; Closing Capital is ₹ 60,000; Withdrawals are ₹ 5,000 and further capital brought in is ₹ 3,000; .Profit is = ₹ 32,000

# **EXERCISE 4 [PAGE 356]**

Exercise 4 | Q 1 | Page 356

## **QUESTION**

#### **State True or False with reasons:**

Double Entry System of Book-keeping is scientific method of books of accounts

- True
- False

#### **SOLUTION**

## This statement is True.

In Double Entry System, for every monetary transaction, at least two effects are to be passed and every type of accounts are to be considered for preparing books of accounts. Therefore, Double Entry System of bookkeeping is the scientific method of books of accounts.

Exercise 4 | Q 2 | Page 356

## **QUESTION**

#### State True or False with reasons:

Preparation of Trial Balance is not possible under Single Entry System

True





False

#### **SOLUTION**

#### This statement is True.

In the Trial Balance we require a ledger balance of every account from business transactions which is not possible in the Single Entry System. Therefore, the preparation of Trial Balance is not possible under a single Entry system.

Exercise 4 | Q 3 | Page 356

## **QUESTION**

#### **State True or False with reasons:**

Statement of Affairs and Balance Sheet are one and the same.

- True
- False

#### **SOLUTION**

#### This statement is True.

A statement of affairs is a statement of assets and liabilities. In a statement of affairs, right hand side is used for recording assets and left side is used for recording liabilities. Therefore, we can say that statement of affairs and balance sheet are one and the same.

Exercise 4 | Q 4 | Page 356

#### QUESTION

#### State True or False with reasons:

Single Entry System is not useful for large organization.

- True
- False

#### **SOLUTION**

#### This statement is True.

In a Single Entry System, cash book and personal accounts of debtors and creditors are maintained and real and nominal accounts are not maintained. In a large organization it is necessary to maintain every type of accounts. Therefore Single Entry System is not useful for large organization.





Exercise 4 | Q 5 | Page 356

## **QUESTION**

#### **State True or False with reasons:**

Only Cash and Personal accounts are maintained under Single Entry System.

- True
- False

#### **SOLUTION**

#### This statement is True.

In the small organization where the number of business transactions are limited and they have very few assets and liabilities and also they do not want to bear the expenses for the accounting system. Therefore, they prefer the Single Entry System in which only cash and personal accounts are maintained.

## **EXERCISE 5 [PAGE 356]**

Exercise 5 | Q 1 | Page 356

## **QUESTION**

# Do you agree with the following statement?

Further capital introduced during the year increases profit.

- Agree
- Disagree

#### **SOLUTION**

Further capital introduced during the year increases profit.-**Disagree.** 

Exercise 5 | Q 2 | Page 356

## **QUESTION**

# Do you agree with the following statement?

Interest on Drawings decreases the amount of profit under Single Entry System.

- Agree
- Disagree





#### **SOLUTION**

Interest on Drawings decreases the amount of profit under Single Entry System.-**Disagree.** 

Exercise 5 | Q 3 | Page 356

## **QUESTION**

## Do you agree with the following statement?

Real and Nominal accounts are not maintained under Single Entry System.

- Agree
- Disagree

#### **SOLUTION**

Real and Nominal accounts are not maintained under Single Entry System.-Disagree.

Exercise 5 | Q 4 | Page 356

## **QUESTION**

## Do you agree with the following statement?

Single Entry System is based on certain rules and principles

- Agree
- Disagree

#### **SOLUTION**

Single Entry System is based on certain rules and principles.-Disagree.

Exercise 5 | Q 5 | Page 356

## QUESTION

## Do you agree with the following statement?

Statement of Profit is just like Profit and Loss Account.

- Agree
- Disagree

#### **SOLUTION**

Statement of Profit is just like Profit and Loss Account.-**Disagree.** 





EXERCISE 6 [PAGE 356]
Exercise 6   Q 1   Page 356
QUESTION
Fill in the blank:
Statement of Affairs is just like a
SOLUTION
Statement of Affairs is just like a <b>balance sheet.</b>
Exercise 6   Q 2   Page 356
QUESTION
Fill in the blank:
Statement of Affairs is just like a
SOLUTION
Statement of Affairs is just like a <b>balance sheet.</b>
Exercise 6   Q 3   Page 356
QUESTION
Fill in the blank:
In order to find out the correct profit, drawings are to the closing capital.
SOLUTION
In order to find out the correct profit, drawings are <b>added</b> to the closing capital.
Exercise 6   Q 4   Page 356
QUESTION
Fill in the blank:
InBook Keeping System, in every business transaction we find two effects.
SOLUTION
In <u>double entry</u> Book Keeping System, in every business transaction we find two effects.



Exercise 6 | Q 5 | Page 356

QUESTION
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## Fill in the blank:

The difference between Assets and Liabilities is called \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

#### **SOLUTION**

The difference between Assets and Liabilities is called **capital**.

Exercise 6 | Q 6 | Page 356

## QUESTION

#### Fill in the blank:

Single Entry System is more popular for \_\_\_\_\_\_

#### **SOLUTION**

Single Entry System is more popular for **small/sole traders.** 

Exercise 6 | Q 7 | Page 356

## **QUESTION**

#### Fill in the blank:

Additional Capital introduced during the year is \_\_\_\_\_\_ from Closing Capital in order to find out the correct profit.

#### **SOLUTION**

Additional Capital introduced during the year is **deducted** from Closing Capital in order to find out the correct profit.

Exercise 6 | Q 8 | Page 356

# **QUESTION**

#### Fill in the blank:

Single Entity System is suitable for \_\_\_\_\_business.

#### **SOLUTION**

Single Entity System is suitable for **small** business.

# **EXERCISE 7 [PAGE 357]**

Exercise 7 | Q 1 | Page 357







## **QUESTION**

#### Find the odd one:

- Interest on Drawings
- Outstanding Expenses
- Undervaluation of Assets
- Prepaid Expenses

#### **SOLUTION**

## **Outstanding Expenses**

Exercise 7 | Q 2 | Page 357

# **QUESTION**

#### Find the odd one:

- Interest on Capital
- Interest on Loan
- Overvaluation of Liabilities
- Depreciation on Assets

#### **SOLUTION**

#### **Overvaluation of Liabilities**

Exercise 7 | Q 3 | Page 357

## **QUESTION**

### Find the odd one:

- Creditors
- Bills Payable
- Bank Overdraft
- Stock in Trade

#### **SOLUTION**

#### Stock in Trade



